Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A method of monitoring polymer array synthesis on a solid substrate comprising:

(i) synthesizing a preselected array of diverse biological polymers connected to cleavable linkers on a solid substrate, whereby the diverse biological polymers occupy different regions of the substrate and are spatially defined on the solid substrate on which the preselected array is synthesized, and wherein the diverse biological polymers comprise nucleotides, nucleosides, phosphoramidites, carbohydrates or natural or synthetic amino acids;

(ii) cleaving diverse biological polymers from the solid substrate by cleaving the cleavable linkers, thereby creating a mixture of diverse unbound biological polymers; and

(iii) measuring presence of diverse unbound biological polymers as an indicator of the efficiency of the synthesizing step.

2. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 39, wherein each of the labeled polymers comprises a single isomeric label.

3. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 39, wherein the labeled unbound polymers are heterogeneous by number of monomeric units, and wherein the method further comprises separating the labeled unbound polymers by number of monomeric units.

4. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 39, wherein the labeled unbound polymers are heterogeneous by number of monomeric units, and wherein the method further comprises separating the labeled unbound polymers by charge using ion exchange chromatography.

5. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 39, wherein each of the labeled unbound polymers are heterogeneous by number of monomeric units, and wherein the method further comprises separating the labeled unbound polymers by number of monomeric units using capillary gel electrophoresis.

6. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the ion exchange chromatography is performed by HPLC.

7. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the ion exchange chromatography is performed by HPLC, and wherein the labeled unbound polymers are detected as they exit an ion exchange column.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the polymer is an oligonucleotide.

Claim 9 (Cancelled).

10. (Currently Amended) A method for measuring the effect of altering a polymer array synthesis protocol, comprising:

(i) synthesizing a preselected array of diverse biological polymers occupying different regions on a solid support by a first synthesis protocol, wherein the diverse biological polymers are spatially defined on the solid support on which the preselected array is synthesized, thereby creating a reference array of biological polymers, wherein the diverse biological polymers comprise nucleotides, nucleosides, phosphoramidites, carbohydrates or natural or synthetic amino acids;

(ii) synthesizing a preselected array of diverse biological polymers occupying different regions on a solid support synthesized by a second synthesis protocol, wherein the diverse biological polymers are spatially defined on the solid support on which the preselected array is synthesized, and wherein the second synthesis protocol is different than the first synthesis protocol, thereby creating a test array of biological polymers;

(iii) cleaving separately the reference array of biological polymers and the test array of biological polymers, thereby creating a mixture of diverse cleaved biological polymers from the reference array and a mixture of diverse cleaved biological polymers from the test array;

(iv) measuring presence of diverse cleaved biological polymers from the test array as an indicator of the efficiency of the first synthesis procedure and measuring presence of diverse cleaved biological polymers from the reference array as an indicator of the efficiency of

the second synthesis procedure, thereby determining whether a difference between the first and second synthesis procedure affects the efficiency of the second synthesis procedure.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the test and reference polymers are oligonucleotides.

12. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the first synthesis protocol differs from the second synthesis protocol by a single variation.

13. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the reference polymers and the test polymers are attached to the solid substrate by a cleavable linker.

14. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the test and reference polymers comprise a detectable label.

15. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 14, wherein the label is a single isomeric label.

Claims 16-36 (Withdrawn).

37. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 39, wherein the labeled polymers comprise a label comprising a fluorescent moiety.

38. (Previously Added) The method of claim 14, wherein the detectable label comprises a fluorescent moiety.

39. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein each of the polymers further comprises a label.

40. (Currently Amended) A method of monitoring polymer array synthesis on a solid substrate comprising:

(i) synthesizing a preselected array of diverse polymers connected to cleavable linkers on a solid substrate, whereby the diverse polymers occupy different regions of the solid substrate and are spatially defined on the solid substrate on which the preselected array is synthesized;

(ii) cleaving diverse polymers from the solid substrate by cleaving the cleavable linkers, thereby creating a mixture of diverse unbound polymers; and

(iii) measuring presence of diverse unbound polymers as an indicator of the efficiency of the synthesizing step.

41. (Previously Added) The method of claim 40, wherein each of the polymers further comprises a label.

42. (Previously Added) The method of claim 41, wherein the labeled polymers comprise a label comprising a fluorescent moiety.

43. (Previously Added) The method of claim 41, wherein each of the labeled polymers comprises a single isomeric label.

44. (Previously Added) The method of claim 41, wherein the labeled unbound polymers are heterogeneous by number of monomeric units, and wherein the method further comprises separating the labeled unbound polymers by number of monomeric units.

45. (Previously Added) The method of claim 41, wherein the labeled unbound polymers are heterogeneous by number of monomeric units, and wherein the method further comprises separating the labeled unbound polymers by charge using ion exchange chromatography.

46. (Previously Added) The method of claim 41, wherein each of the labeled unbound polymers is heterogeneous by number of monomeric units, and wherein the method

further comprises separating the labeled unbound polymers by number of monomeric units using capillary gel electrophoresis.

47. (Previously Added) The method of claim 45, wherein the ion exchange chromatography is performed by HPLC.

48. (Previously Added) The method of claim 45, wherein the ion exchange chromatography is performed by HPLC, and wherein the labeled unbound polymers are detected as they exit an ion exchange column.

49. (Previously Added) The method of claim 40, wherein the polymer is an oligonucleotide.

50. (Currently Amended) A method for measuring the effect of altering a polymer array synthesis protocol, comprising:

(i) synthesizing a preselected array of diverse polymers occupying different regions on a solid support by a first synthesis protocol, wherein the diverse polymers are spatially defined on the solid support on which the preselected array is synthesized, thereby creating a reference array of polymers;

(ii) synthesizing a preselected array of diverse polymers occupying different regions on a solid support synthesized by a second synthesis protocol, wherein the diverse polymers are spatially defined on the solid support on which the preselected array is synthesized, and wherein the second synthesis protocol is different than the first synthesis protocol, thereby creating a test array of polymers;

(iii) cleaving separately the reference array of polymers and the test array of polymers, thereby creating a mixture of diverse cleaved polymers from the reference array and a mixture of diverse cleaved polymers from the test array;

(iv) measuring presence of diverse cleaved polymers from the test array as an indicator of the efficiency of the first synthesis procedure and measuring presence of the mixture of diverse cleaved polymers from the reference array as an indicator of the efficiency of the

second synthesis procedure, thereby determining whether a difference between the first and second synthesis procedures affects the efficiency of the second synthesis procedure.

51. (Previously Added) The method of claim 50, wherein the test and reference polymers are oligonucleotides.

52. (Previously Added) The method of claim 50, wherein the first synthesis protocol differs from the second synthesis protocol by a single variation.

53. (Previously Added) The method of claim 50, wherein the reference polymers and the test polymers are attached to the solid substrate by a cleavable linker.

54. (Previously Added) The method of claim 50, wherein the test and reference polymers comprise a detectable label.

55. (Previously Added) The method of claim 54, wherein the label is a single isomeric label.

56. (Previously Added) The method of claim 54, wherein the detectable label comprises a fluorescent moiety.

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